A

REVIEW

OFTHE

STATE

OFTHE

BRITISH NATION.

Thursday, June 7. 1711.

HE loss this Nation, as well as its Neighbours, feels every Day by the raging of an unhappy Diftemper among us, I mean the Varoles, or Small Pox, which for almost two Year has been a kind of Plague, has frequently inclin'd me to say something, which perhaps if noticed and observed, might be useful to such Families as are affiliated with it.

 our common People express it not improperly, Is runs in the Blood: To some Families we see the Small Pox always favourable, to some always fatal—Of a whole Race you shall see all have it, and of another, none ever have it. Of some Families, when they have it, none ever dye; of others, none ever live with it—The Reasons, or natural Causes, of this variety are not very difficult to account for, the Temperature and Complexion of Bodies, as they are Hot or Cold, Elegmatic or Sanguine, affording Particulars more than Sufficient, to explain it by. Therefore this is no part of my present Baquiry.

whether there is not a Defect in the common Applications to the Cure of this Distemper? And whether the Management of the Patient is not the most hazardous

part of the Distemper?

I am no Unbeliever in the Doctrine of Medicine ; I am fully fatisfy'd, that Heaven having plac'd Medicinal healing Mertue, in the Plants, Drugs, and other Troduce of the Earth, is a full and authentick Teffimony of his Will, in case of Diftemper (viz.) that we should apply to the proper use of those Medicines-Noram I a Dollor-baser, tho' I have it to be thankful for, that I have had occasion to use them but little-I doubt not; but the Skill of rightly applying proper Medicines to every Evil, and of rightly judging of the Disease, is obtain'd by Study, Application and Experience. I will not accuse the Learned of learning their Knowledge and Art, at the Expence of the Lives of their Patients, whom they fend to Heaven very often for their (the Doctor's) Information; yet I must own, that when a Patient dyes after such and such Application, he is but a mean Student in Phylick that gathers so Experience from it, or takes no inftructive Observations to himself by it; and tho' some may dye of the Doctor, let him be never so careful, and fometimes meerly by his being over careful; yet the Error may not be wilful or ignorant, but the mysterious working of Nature under Disease, is not so just and so equal, that the best Physician can always find out, and trace a Confederacy between Diftemper, Conflictution and Humour: All which often attack Nature together.

But as the 6mall Pox is a Diftemper, which when once it has feiz'd the Blood, is obstinate, and will have its Course; and that when it is come to a certain Length, the only lafety of the Patient is to have them come freely out. I with our People would determine, whether the great Art of preferving the Patient, does not confift in giving Nature only due affifiance, to expel the invading Bnemy, by its ordinary

The Case I am upon, is an Enquiry, and natural Course, rather than by driving her on faker, to wast her Strength. or by bleeding to exhauft the Spirits; Either of which, throw the Patients generally into Convultions, and they are the Handmaids to the Grave; in fort, whether the Nurse is not the more proper Perfon than the Dodor?

I fart this Queffior, not from Experience only, but from the Opinion and Praaice of many Eminent Phyticians, who when they find the Diftemper coming on, always rather encourage it to come on than relift it, or ftop it in its Course, and commit the Patient to the Nurse, with Inftructions to keep them warm, but not too hot ; to give them such and such Food. Cordials, &c. and leave it to Nature fo affifted -- and I have observed, that but few Patients miscarry under such a Management. But when Violences are used upon Nature, and firong Applications, how fatal do we find it? And such People may indeed be faid to dye of the Dollor-A Fate that is too much the Difafter of our People of Quality; and therefore I believe it is, that generally and is proportion to their Numbers, the Small Pox kills more of the Rich than it does of the Poor.

I remember a Story to the Purpole, very much, which happen'd to the famous Tonfor of Eplon, a known Man amongst the Frequenters of that Summer Retreat, where he made himself very valuable to the Citizens by his constant Study, to divert them, and was the general Favourite of the Place-It happen'd that poor Tonfer fell very Sick, and as every Body was concern'd for fear of the loss of Tonfor; all the Physicians in Town were spoken to by one Friend or another, to go and affift him : But it was all to no purpole, Tonfor would hear all they faid, but would take nothing they prescrib'd, nor could any Intreaties prevail on him-At length the famous Dr. Rateliff coming to Town, his Friends renew'd their Importunities to Tonfor; they told him the King's Phyfician, Dr. Ratcliff, was come to Ersom, and they did not doubt but they could

prevail upon him to come and see what he could do for him, and begg'd he would but let the Doctor see him, affuring him the Doctor would take no Fees from him, and it should cost him nothing. Tonfor heard them patiently, but for a good while gave no Answer; but being importun'd, he shrunk up his Shoulders, NO, says he, I had rather dye a natural Death.

I have been told the poor Man did at last submit to take the Assistance, whether of Dr. Raseliff, or some other Physician, and that he did not dye so much of a natural Death as he desir'd. But that is not to the

Purpose.

I cannot be perswaded to think, that the greatest part of our Nobility and Gastry, who dye now of the Small Pox, dye a passural Death; I rather think they dye violent Deaths. They dye for want of giving, as we may say, Nature, and the Desaie, fair Play, would they leave them more to the Ladies, and let them only have common Instructions to be careful and watchful of them; the very Distemper it self tends naturally to spend and wast it self, and keep Nature supported, and cherished in a moderate Degree, it works off of course.

I have the concurring Opinion of so many Physicians in this; I have seen the Practise so constantly attended with Success, as well in my own Family, as in other Families of my Acquaintaince; and I have seen the contrary so fatal, that I cannot but recommend it to the Families of our Geotry, who are yet in Danger, and entreat them to let their Friends have leave to dye a natural Death, or at least not kill them a la Medicin. I am perswaded, with submission to the Doctrine of Fate, and Irresistible Decree, which I shall not meddle with here; had this Course been taken, we had not seen so many of

the Coaches of our Gentry cover'd with Black, and the Illustrious Families of our Nobility in Teats for the nearest of their Relations.

There is a great Unhappinels-attends Men of Quality and Honour, they are so link'd to the World, that they kill themfelves for sear of Death — if a Distemper seizes them, they worry their Physician for the utmost they can think of; they press them with Fees and Importunities: Good Sir! emit nothing you can do: Lord! Sir, Can you think of nothing esserting spare for nothing; and the honest Man is bound to prescribe them, when he has nothing to write to satisfy the impatient Relations.

A Physician of my Acquaintance, complain'd to me the other Day, says he, They give me Fees twice a Day, and if I am not always prescribing something or other, they think I do know nothing; I am forc'd to write to the Apothecary for something every Day, and them I am oblig'd to go to the Apothecary, and bid him fend nothing but some little Cordial, or something that signifies nothing; for if I should give him things, as they would have me, I shall murther him; if they will let the Man a-

Wretched is the Condition of Men bury'd thus in the Wealth and Affection of their Friends; who think, that throwing away two Guineas a day to a Doctor, will make him do more for the Patient than he can do without it, and that judge of the Doctor's Care, by the number of Phialls and Pots upon the Side-board, till he Apothecary's Shop feems to be transplanted to the Chamber of the Patient, and the smell of the Drugs and Medicine is enough to give Nature as much diffurbance as the Difease.

lone, he will live and do well enough.

[132] ADVERTISEMENTS.

Jast Publish'd;

VENUS's Botcher: Or the 7th Edition of Mr. Martin's (Comical) Treasife of the Venereal Disease, (as it Merits) pleasantly Examin'd and Expos'd. In a Letter to Mr. Martin. Publish'd for the Diversion of the Town; and for the necessary Information, Caution, and Benefit of all those, who ever were, are, or may be under the due Chassissement of a loathsome Disease; for making an unlawful Entry into Lave's Paradise. And the Cure of that Disease directed to. London, Printed: And Sold by S. Popping, at the Raven in Pater-Noster-Row. 1711. (Price 3 d.)

Fuft pullified (many Thousands of the former

Editions having fold in a little time,) 1 R. Marten's Seventh Edition of his Book and Second Edition of his Appendix, concerning Secret Difeases, both compriz'd in One Volume, with Amendments. and many hundred Additions It being the last he will ever write; and it is prefumed, contains as much any can write on that Subjett, for the Benefit of Patients; all the Degres and Symptoms, Ways of Contrading, certain Signs discovering, Nature, Kinds, and Cure, being thewn is as also the Use and Abuse of Mercury; Mischiefs by Quacks, Effects of ill Cures, Seminal Weakneffes, and all other Secret Infirmities in both Sexes relating to that Infection, Se, are from Reason and long Experience explicated and detected; necessary for the Perusal of all that have, or ever had the least Injury that Way, and value the Health and Welfare of themselves and Po-Aerity; that Distemper, if not totally eradicated, proving dangerous as well as

opnoxious. The whole laterspers'd with Prescriptions, Observations, Histories, Letters, and Proofs of many remarkable Cases and Cases. By Fobn Marten, Surgeon. Sold at his House in Hatton-Garden; as also by N. Crouch in the Poultry, A. Bettefworth on London-Bridge, P. Varrene at Seneca's Head in the Strand, C. King in Westminster-Hall, M. Atkins in St. Paul's Church-Yard, Booksellers, and D. Leach in the Little Old Baily. Pr. Bound 7 s. 6 d.

Just publish'd, UACK ERT Unmask'd; in 3 Parts, containing, I. Reflections on the 7thEdition of Mr. Marten's Treatife of the Venereal Disease. 2. An Examination of the Charitable Surgeon, The Generous Surgeon, The Tomb of Venus, and a pretended new Method of curing this Disease. 3. A brief Enquiry into the Ancient and present State of the Practices of Phylick and Surgery; a full Account of Quacks , then (in a concile Method) is thewn the Caufe, Nature, Signs, and Dangerons Effects of this Difeafe, various ways of Receiving, Symptomes first Discovering, and only Method of preventing its Infection; together with the best, most cheap, safe, speedy, easie, and private Methods of Cure. As also the Caule and Cure of Old Gl . . ts in Men, and Weaknesses in Women. The Second Edition Balarg'd. Sold by D. Brown without Temple-Bar, G. Straban, at the Golden-Bill in Cornbill, and B. Barker, in Westminster-Hall, and by the Author, Dr. Spinte, at his House at the Golden Ball, 3 Doors directly paft the Sun-Tavern, in Milk-street Market. Cheapfide. Price 2 s.

Printed for and fold by John Baker at the Black. Boy in Paser-Nofter-Row. 1711.